**Best suited to Grade 2-4** Includes 2 Gallery Walks!

# **Get Up and Move!**



309+303=

Includes 2 levels: "no regrouping" and "some regrouping." "some regrouping." 58+23= 231+420= 21+13= Integrate Integrate Card #2 arning with kinesthetic essential nental math Shelley Gray Created by Shelley Gray learning with essential mental math **Created by Shelley Gray** skills!

Copyright © Shelley Gray 2013 All rights reserved by the author.



Join me on **Facebook** to become part of a collaborative teacher community.

http://www.facebook.com/teachingresourcesbyshelleygray

Visit my blog, **Teaching in the Early Years**, for more great classroom ideas.

http://www.teachingintheearlyyears.com



Follow me on Teachers Pay Teachers to receive new product notifications direct to your inbox!

http://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Store/Shelley-Gray



### A Note About Left to Right Addition

Left-to-right addition (also known as "front-end addition" or "partial sums") is an efficient and effective mental math strategy for adding 2, 3 or 4 digit numbers. It is an alternative to traditional vertical addition and "carrying" of numbers.

The benefits of left to right addition are numerous, but perhaps the most important is number sense understanding. When a student adds left-to-right in an equation such as 14+23, the "1" and "2" become a 10 and a 20, rather than simply a 1 and a 2. This promotes REAL understanding of what the number means. When encouraged to use this strategy, students' understanding of number sense will increase significantly.

If you are interested in learning more about this strategy, I created a YouTube video all about front end addition, which you can watch here:

#### http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w6IEm8PvN\_U

The basic idea behind this strategy is that the hundreds are added first, then the tens, and then the ones. So in the equation 423+145, the student will first add 400+100 to make 500, then 20+40 to make 60, and finally 3+5 to make 8. The final step is to add the hundreds, tens and ones together, in this case 500+60+8, to make 568.

This resource provides scaffolding for students who are still practicing this strategy. The recording sheet will guide students through the process of first adding the hundreds, tens, then the ones, and then adding the three together. The example below shows how the recording sheet should be completed:

## 2|4+323=\_\_\_

	Card # 1
	Add the hundreds: <u>200+300</u> = <u>500</u>
	Add the tens: <u>10+20</u> = <u>30</u>
-	Add the ones: <u>4+3</u> = <u>7</u>
	Add the hundreds, tens and ones together: <u>500</u> + <u>30</u> + <u>7</u> = <u>537</u>
	Equation: <u>214</u> + <u>323</u> = <u>537</u>

If you are interested in other mental math resources, including an entire unit on left-to-right addition, or Front End Addition, please see the link below:

## About this Resource

\*\*Note: These cards can also be used as task cards for a learning center. However, I encourage you to try the gallery walk first. In past experiences I have found that all of my students were highly engaged, especially those with a need for kinesthetic learning and movement. \*\*

A gallery walk is a fantastic way to get students up and moving around the room, while completing curriculum-related tasks that will reinforce their knowledge.

In order to set up your gallery walk:

• Print the gallery walk cards and laminate them to ensure that they last for years to come. Before laminating you may choose to mount the cards on colored paper as shown in the picture to the right.



- Mount the cards around the classroom on walls, bookshelves, etc. Space the cards out so that none are too close together.
- Students may use the provided recording sheets or alternatively, their math notebooks, to record their answers. If using recording sheets: copy, distribute and have students use a hard surface to write on.

- Set expectations and logical consequences before allowing students to move around the classroom for the gallery walk. (See details down below).
- Have students move around the classroom, answering the questions from each card on their recording sheets.

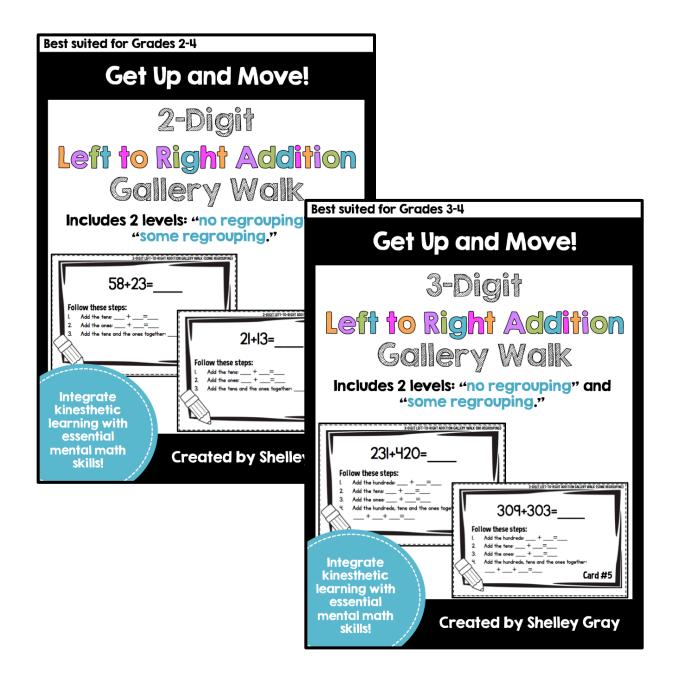
### Setting Expectations and Logical Consequences

Before beginning your gallery walk, it is important to set expectations for behavior. This will eliminate classroom management issues and allow the activity to be fun and engaging for all. The expectations that I personally use are:

- No more than 2-3 students at one card at a time (if there are more than this number of people, find a new card).
- Walking only
- Voice levels need to be kept at a Level 1. This should be mostly a quiet activity (unless you are wanting to encourage discussion between students).

Remember to also set logical consequences for students who choose not to follow the expectations. The easiest thing to do is not allow the student to participate anymore. No one wants to sit out while the others are up and moving around!

Enjoy! ~Shelley This special combo pack includes two gallery walks to reinforce this important mental math skill in your classroom! Students will adding from left to right using 2-digit and 3-digit numbers. Each gallery walk includes materials for regrouping and no regrouping.



Please continue reading for full details on each individual gallery walk.

Each gallery walk includes two sections: one with no grouping and the other with some regrouping. Each section consists of 25 gallery walk cards. Below is a small sample of what the cards and recording sheets include:

