REAL LIFE MATH FOR GRADES 3-4

STORM CHASERS: A MATH PROJECT FOR ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

In this high-interest math project, students will work addition and subtraction within 1,000 and 10,000. The following skills are incorporated:

- number lines
- interpreting charts and graphs
- money
- problem-solving
- solving unknowns
- hundred charts and more!

CREATED BY SHELLEY GRAY

ABOUT THIS RESOURCE

Are you looking for a way to reinforce addition and subtraction in an engaging way that helps your students make connections? "Storm Chasers" is a **real-life math project** where students will complete ten different tasks, each one focusing on addition and subtraction to 1,000 and 10,000 in a real-life context. This project will help your students see how addition and subtraction is used in real life.

You might choose to print specific tasks to use during Math centers, or you might make a booklet out of all of the tasks and let your students choose which one to do when. The choice is yours.

Take a look at what you'll find inside this math project:

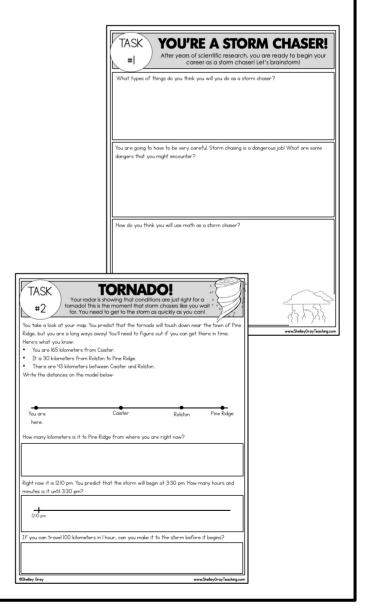
TASK #1: YOU'RE A STORM CHASER!

After years of scientific research, you are ready to begin your career as a storm chaser! Let's brainstorm some things that you might be doing in this new job.

TASK #2: TORNADO!

Your radar is showing that conditions are just right for a tornado! This is the moment that storm chasers like you wait for. You need to get to the storm as quickly as you can!

Skills: addition on a number line, time



TASK #3: TORNADO DATA

Wow! That was like nothing you have ever experienced. Not only did you make it in time to see the tornado touch down, but you were able to gather a lot of new data.

Skills: interpreting data from a chart, line graph, problem solving

TASK	Wow! That was like					
#3	only did you mak but you w	e it in time to see the tornado touch down, * are able to gather a lot of new data.		h did the wi	nd speed up between 3:25 pm and 3:35	5 pm?
		ind speeds of the tornado. Let's take a look at ho ten minutes. Transfer the data from this table or				
graph below.						
	Time	Wind Speed (in kilometers per hour)				
	3:15 pm	65 kph		the data th	nat you gathered, when do you think th	ne tornado occurred? Why?
	3:25 pm	H5 kph				
	3:35 pm	237 kph				
	3:45 pm	21 kph			r, more severe, tornado that touched kilometers per hour. How much faster	
300 kph				hat you tro		was no peak wind speed man i
225 kph						
150 kph						
75 kph						
					d speeds to get up to double what the	ry were at 3:25 pm. How fast di
	315 pm	3/25 pm 3/35 pm 3/45 pm		/ would be?		
How much fast	er was the wind at 3:	35 pm than at 315 pm?				
				anv kilomet	ers per hour did the wind speed chang	ae between 3:15 pm and 3:25 pm
						,
						(
OSheley Gray		www.Sheleyo	irayTeaching.com			
						<u>CS</u>
			OShelley Gray			www.ShelleyGrayTe
What is the to	tal estimated damage	(use the rounded numbers) of the vehicles and t	ruit			
trees?						
			. 0			
			S			
What is the ac	tual damage of vehic	es and fruit trees?		_		10
			TAS	SK \	DEVASTA	FION C
			#L)	Even though tomados and storms remember that they sometimes cau	excite you, you must use a lot of damage to
How close is th	e estimate to the act	ual amount?			people's proper	ty.
			chart sha	ws the arm	jured in this tornado. But a lot of prop ount of damage done by the tornado a	
In your opinion	, is rounding a good v	vay to estimate? Why or why not?		o the neare		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Damaş	ed Item	Amount of Damage (in dollars)	Amount of Damage (rounded to the nearest K
			Barn		\$467	the market war war war war war
			House		\$225	
		\$1,000 damage done altogether to the chicken o	oo Vehicles		\$689	
the lawn mowe possible combin		now much damage was done to each one. Figure o	Fence		\$233	
	DAMAGE	TOTAL DAMAGE TOTAL DAMA	Shed		\$942	
		\frown	Fruit Tr	ees	\$425	
(\$1,0	000)	(\$1,000) (\$1,000	Farm Ed	auipment	\$851	
$\mid \rangle$	\leq	\times \times			ast way to estimate a total. Let's comp	oare estimates to actual amount
	\sim	$\frown \frown \frown \frown$		close they		have) of the hore from 11
()	()	し ノ し ノ し ノ し	vvnat is	ne iotol est	imated damage (use the rounded num	wei 37 01 1në barn, tence, and hi
DAMAGE TO CHICKEN COOP		DAMAGE TO DAMAGE TO DAMAGE TO I HICKEN COOP LAWN MOWER CHICKEN COOP LI	LAC AU			
OSheley Grav	Control Montex L	www.Shaled		he actual d	amage of the barn, fence, and house?	
		www.conserve				
			How clos	e is the esti	mate to the actual amount?	
V-	ASK ENC	OUNTERING OBSTAC				
II II	As yo	u drive into a storm, you encounter all sorts o	f Chelley Gray	~~		www.ShelleyGrayTec
	#5suc	h as hail, low visibility, and pounding rain. So problems below.	ive the	000		
		ters from where you are. Normally you can travel 15				
hour,		ong winds you'll only be able to travel IOO kilometers				
	eed to and some for-t-	res to your storm chasing car to make it stronger. T	his will hale it	[]		
withs	tand hail and other dar	gerous weather. You have budgeted \$3,000 for thes	e features, but	it only		
ends	up costing \$2,365. How	much less was the actual expense than what you ha	d budgeted?			
The e	ext storm is 398 kilow	sters away. But when you are almost there, you enco	unter some foil			
trees	on the road. You will n	eed to take a different route. This adds another 45 k				
drive.	now many kilometers	will you need to drive in all to get to the storm?		—-		
10						
111						
	re on your way to gath	er data at a thunderstorm when suddenly your tire upposed to begin at ISS. It will take 20 minutes to ch	goes flat. It is l	205 and		
You a		opposes to begin at 1.00. If Will take ZU minutes to ch	- ge your tire,	- N -		
right		to the storm. Will you make it in time?				
right		to the storm. Will you make it in time?				
right	er 40 minutes to drive	to the storm. Will you make it in time?		-		
right		to the storm. Will you make it in time?		-		

TASK #4: DEVASTATION

Even though tornados and storms excite you, you must remember they sometimes cause a lot of damage to people's property. Let's take a look at the damage that was done to one farm in the area.

Skills: money, rounding to nearest 100, estimates vs actual, three-digit addition/subtraction, making 1000

TASK #5: ENCOUNTERING OBSTACLES

As you drive into a storm, you encounter all sorts of danger such as hail, low visibility, and pounding rain. Solve the problems.

Skills: problem-solving, money

TASK #6: TOTAL RAINFALL

Part of your job is tracking the rainfall. This helps you better understand weather patterns. Let's take a look at some of your data from this week.

Skills: finding unknowns using addition/subtraction, interpreting data, using a chart/table, rounding to the nearest 10

TASK #7: WEATHER JOKES

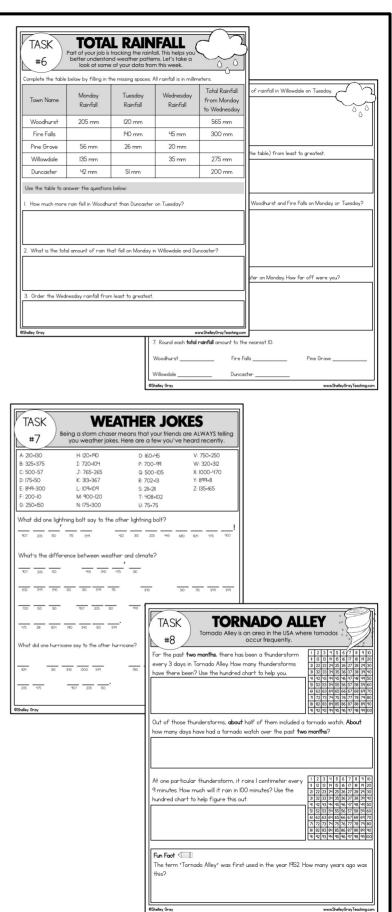
Being a storm chaser means that your friends are ALWAYS telling you weather jokes. Here are a few you've heard recently.

Skills: addition and subtraction within 1000

TASK #8: TORNADO ALLEY

Tornado Alley is an area in the USA where tornados occur frequently. Let's use a hundred chart to learn about the storms in Tornado Alley this year.

Skills: patterns in a hundred chart, problem solving



TASK #9: BREAKING RECORDS

It's been a record year for thunderstorms! Let's take a look at how many storms there were this summer in the country.

Skills: picture graph, interpreting data, multiples of 1000, ordering and comparing

Month	How many thunderstorms? (Each picture represents 1,000 storms.)	Write the numbe
May		
June	<u>କ୍ରିକ୍ରିକ୍ରିକ୍ରିକ୍ର</u> କ୍ର	
July	<u>କ୍ରିକ୍ରିକ୍ରିକ୍ରିକ୍ରିକ୍ର</u> କ୍ର	
August		
eptember		
October	Q.C.	
	TOTAL NUMBER OF THUNDERSTORMS	
e the graph	to answer the questions below:	
Order the r thunderstor	nonths from least number of thunderstorms to greates	t number of
Inundersfor	ms.	
How many		
How many	more thunderstorms were there in July than August?	

TASK #10: STORM CHASING EXPENSES

Storm chasing is an expensive job. You have to spend money on vehicles, fuel, and equipment and there is never a guarantee that you will even see the storm. Let's compare the amount that you've spent on the last three tornados.

Skills: addition, subtraction, ordering, problem solving

				s from least (smallest) to greatest (largest).
Expenses	Cypress Tornado	Hidden Valley Tornado	Fairville Tornado	
uel	\$175	\$87	\$260	llars) between the smallest and largest fuel expense?
Equipment	\$2,300	\$1,850	\$2,400	
Food	\$75	\$82	\$40	
Hotel	\$90	\$75	\$165	otel rooms. Are you under budget or over budget? By how
				hado, how much did you make?
2 W/k=+ is the tetal.	an inner the second for all at	'the termeday?		
2. What is the total o	equipment expense for all of	f the tornados?		
	pay for your Fairville hotel r		and five \$20 bills. How	
3. Suppose that you	pay for your Fairville hotel r		and five \$20 bills. How	ge of the Hidden Valley tornado, but this time you were only irre out how much money you last on this tornado, what would

ANSWER KEYS ARE INCLUDED.

DIGITAL VERSION

This math project is also included in a digital version that is optimized for digital use. This digital version is designed in Google Slides[™], but if you use Microsoft TEAMS, you can use it by saving as a PowerPoint first.

Optimized for digital use means that this is **not** simply the PDF document with text boxes added.

Instead, this digital version includes color, room for typing, and moveable pieces that students will manipulate.

Here is a sample of what the digital slides look like.

TASK #3: TORNA Wow! That was like nothing you have ever experie time to see the tornado touch down, but you were	enced. Not only did you make it in	TASK #7: WEA Being a storm chaser means that your frie jokes. Here's one that yo	ends are ALWAYS telling you weather
Your tools were able to track the wind speeds of the tornado. Le changed over the course of ten minutes. Transfer the data from		A: 210+130 N: 175+300 B: 325+375 O: 160+45	e between weather and climate?
Time Wind Speed (in kilometers per hour) 375 kph 300 kph 300 kph		C: 500-57 P: 700-99	443 340 475 510
3:15 pm 65 kph 3:25 pm 145 kph		G: 250+150 T: 408+102 632 549 340 510 3 H: 120+190 U: 75+75	310 549 715 340 510 715 549 549
3:35 pm 237 kph ^{150 kph}	TASK #4: DE	VASTATION	07 205 150 443 340 475
3:45 pm 21 kph 75 kph	Even though tornados and storms excite y cause a lot of damage	you, you must remember they sometimes	
Drog these dols onto the grouph. Then use the lines to connect the dols. Of kph 3:15 pm	Luckily no one was injured in this tornado. But a lot of property was damaged in the town. This chart shows the amount of damage done by the	Rounding can be a fast way to estimate a total. Let's compare estimates to actual amounts to see how close they are.	340 510 549 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	tornado at one farm in the area. Round each amount to the nearest 100.	What is the total estimated damage (use the rounded numbers) of the barn, fence, and	
	Damaged item Amount of Damage (in dollars) Amount of Damage (in (rounded to the nearest 100) Barn \$467	house?	
TASK #8: TORNAI		What is the actual damage of the barn, fence, and house?	ING RECORDS
Tornado Alley is an area in the USA where	tornados occur frequently.		Let's take a look at how many storms er in the country.
Use this hundreds chart to find the answer to the questions	s on the right.	er	ight.
3 days in Tornado Al	nths, there has been a thunderstorm every liey. How many thunderstorms have there dred chart to help you.	the nomber	of monacision is to greatest (largest) nomber
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30		мау (👷 👷 👷 👷	
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40			2. How many more thunderstorms were there in
41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 Out of those thunde	erstorms, about half of them included a		July than August?
61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 tormado watch. Abo watch over the past	but how many days have had a tornado	August August August September August August	
71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80		October	3. What was the total number of thunderstorms
81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90		TOTAL NUMBER OF THUNDERSTORMS	in June and July?
9 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00		() = 1,000 storms	
ØShelley Gray www.ShelleyGrayTeaching.com		©Shelley Gray www.ShelleyGrayTeaching.com	

WAYS TO USE MATH PROJECTS IN YOUR CLASSROOM:

Math projects are an ideal way to consolidate learning. I recommend using them as an engaging activity AFTER skills have been learned rather than during learning. You will likely find that engagement is very high and that your students ask to do more of these!

There are many ways to use math projects in your classroom. Some of the most popular are:

- a small-group or pairs activity
- a guided math activity to allow you to see where your students are struggling
- a fun, rewarding way to engage your early finishers
- a low-prep, easy-to-implement activity for a substitute teacher

Enjoy!

Shelley Gray www.ShelleyGrayTeaching.com